

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{P 9.22 [a]} \quad Z_{ab} &= j5\omega + \frac{(4000)(10^9/j\omega 625)}{4000 + (10^9/j\omega 625)} \\
 &= j5\omega + \frac{4 \times 10^{12}}{2500 \times 10^3 j\omega + 10^9} \\
 &= j5\omega + \frac{4 \times 10^7}{10^4 + j25\omega} \\
 &= j5\omega + \frac{4 \times 10^{11}}{10^8 + 625\omega^2} - j \frac{100 \times 10^7 \omega}{10^8 + 625\omega^2} \\
 \therefore 5 &= \frac{10^9}{10^8 + 625\omega^2} \\
 5 \times 10^8 + 3125\omega^2 &= 10^9 \\
 \omega &= 4 \times 10^2 = 400 \text{ rad/s}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{[b]} \quad Z_{ab}(400) = j2000 + \frac{(4000)(-j4000)}{4000 - j4000} = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$\text{P 9.23} \quad Z_1 = 10 - j40 \Omega$$

$$Z_2 = \frac{(5 - j10)(10 + j30)}{15 + j20} = 10 - j10 \Omega$$

$$Z_3 = \frac{20(j20)}{20 + j20} = 10 + j10 \Omega$$

$$\therefore Z_{ab} = Z_1 + Z_2 + Z_3 = 30 - j40 \Omega = 50 / -53.15^\circ \Omega$$

$$\text{P 9.24 [a]} \quad Y_1 = \frac{1}{5000} = 0.2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ S}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 Y_2 &= \frac{1}{1200 + j0.2\omega} \\
 &= \frac{1200}{1.44 \times 10^6 + 0.04\omega^2} - j \frac{0.2\omega}{1.44 \times 10^6 + 0.04\omega^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$Y_3 = j\omega 50 \times 10^{-9}$$

$$Y_T = Y_1 + Y_2 + Y_3$$

For i_s and v_o to be in phase the j component of Y_T must be zero, thus,

$$\omega 50 \times 10^{-9} = \frac{0.2\omega}{1.44 \times 10^6 + 0.04\omega^2}$$