

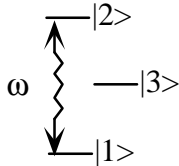
**QUANTUM THEORY OF LIGHT**  
**EECS 638/PHYS 542/AP609**  
**MIDTERM EXAM #2**

**Instructor:** Professor S. Rand

**Date:** April 17, 1999

**1. (20 marks total)**

- (a) Write down the equation of motion for the density matrix  $\rho$  of a closed 3-level system, including a formal term to represent decay. **(1 mark)**



- (b) Write out the equations for the time dependence of  $\rho_{11}$ ,  $\rho_{22}$ ,  $\rho_{12}$  and  $\rho_{21}$  assuming that a light field interaction  $V = -\mu_{12}Ee^{i\omega t} + c.c.$  couples only levels  $|1\rangle$  and  $|2\rangle$ , and that the excited levels exhibit spontaneous decay. **(8 marks)**

- (c) Under steady-state conditions, find the ratio of populations in states  $|2\rangle$  and  $|3\rangle$ . **(3 marks)**

- (d) Find the slowly varying amplitude  $\tilde{\rho}_{12}$  of the polarization  $\rho_{12} = \tilde{\rho}_{12}e^{i\omega t}$ . **(6 marks)**

- (e) In the limiting case that no decay is possible from intermediate level  $|3\rangle$ , what is the ground state population  $\rho_{11}(\infty)$ ? **(2 marks)**

- 2. (15 marks total)** In a 2-level atom system subjected to a strong field, dressed states are created in the form

$$|D_1(n)\rangle = \sin \theta |1, n\rangle + \cos \theta |2, n-1\rangle$$

$$|D_2(n)\rangle = \cos \theta |1, n\rangle - \sin \theta |2, n-1\rangle$$

where  $\sin 2\theta = \frac{2|g|\sqrt{n}}{\Omega}$ ,  $\cos 2\theta = \frac{\Delta}{\Omega}$ ,  $\Omega = \sqrt{\Delta^2 + 4|g|^2 n}$  and  $g$  is related to the electric field amplitude.

- (a) What is a suitable operator representation for the transition dipole moment  $\hat{\mu}$  of the atom? **(3 marks)**

- (b) Calculate  $\langle D_1(n) | \hat{\mu} | D_2(n+1) \rangle$ . **(6 marks)**

- (c) Can the dressed atom emit or absorb light on the transition between  $|D_1(n)\rangle$  and  $|D_2(n)\rangle$ ? Justify your answer. **(6 marks)**