DATA MINING
Faculty: Michael Cafarella, Mosharaf Chowdhury, H.V. Jagadish, Danai Koutra, Honglak Lee, Barzan Mozafari
The growth of Web services, sensor networks, and high-capacity storage devices have led to an explosion in the quantity and diversity of data suitable for data mining. Statistical techniques are critical for data mining, but are certainly not the only important part; our work also includes novel applications, software infrastructure for large-scale analytics, privacy preservation while mining data, and new interfaces that extend human capabilities to find patterns in data. Results so far include effective prediction of cardiac and epileptic events in medical patients, large-scale data extraction from the Web, large efficiency gains in Hadoop, Spark, and TensorFlow frameworks, and efficient exploration of large-scale real-world networks, including social, communication and brain networks.

OPERATING SYSTEMS AND DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS
Operating systems and distributed systems research is tackling exciting new problems that span the gamut from embedded systems and sensor networks to Internet-scale distributed systems and rack-scale computers. Operating systems have become pervasive in our daily lives, controlling not just traditional computers, but also consumer electronics devices and cyber-physical systems such as automobiles and power grids. Research projects at the University of Michigan are investigating how to make computers more reliable, more secure, faster, scalable, and easier to use via new services such as deterministic replay and speculative execution.

SECURITY AND PRIVACY
Security and privacy research at Michigan seeks to advance understanding of how systems can be attacked and defended across all layers of the computing stack. We draw on intellectual tools ranging from theoretical cryptography to applied engineering in order to explore broad aspects of this high-impact area.
CSE faculty and students are pioneering data-driven techniques for understanding security at a global scale, based on Internet-scale empirical measurements and experiments. By applying this quantitative approach to problems ranging from cryptographic vulnerabilities to censorship and blocking, Michigan researchers have discovered entirely new classes of attacks and helped develop defenses that have been implemented in widely used systems.
CSE faculty and students have been investigating privacy and security issues of various embedded devices, systems, and applications, including smartphones and wearable devices, cyber-physical systems like connected or autonomous cars, IoT
and medical devices, and sensors. Investigators are also exploring system-level security across a range that spans micro-architectural threats and defenses to cloud and storage security.

Computer security broadly impacts society and public policy, and Michigan researchers play a central role in national and international conversations about cybersecurity issues ranging from election hacking to nation-state censorship, to mass surveillance.

STORAGE SYSTEMS
Faculty: Jason Flinn, Peter Honeyman

Faculty are investigating scalable storage architectures to meet the present needs of cluster and grid computing and the future requirements for enterprise-scale computing. Other projects build distributed storage systems that target mobile and pervasive clients such as laptops, smartphones, and consumer electronics.

COMPUTER NETWORKS
Faculty: Mosharaf Chowdhury, Roya Ensafi, Sugih Jamin, Harsha Madhyastha, Z. Morley Mao, Kang Shin

Topics in computer networks range from wireless networking to mobile computing, Internet networking, software-defined networks, and datacenter networks. Projects cover Internet routing, routing security, and network measurement to understand how to improve the robustness of infrastructure services such as routing, DNS systems. Projects in wireless and mobile networking cover cognitive radio and adaptive networks as well as handset security, including spectrum sensing, adaptation to radio and application environments, MAC & network-layer protocols, and mobile applications. Projects in datacenter networks include application-aware networking and network-aware application design for emerging application domains such as AI training and inference.

EMBEDDED AND REAL-TIME SYSTEMS
Faculty: Robert Dick, Kevin Fu, Sugih Jamin, Jean-Baptiste Jeannin, Brian Noble, Kang Shin

Research in this area includes the following projects:

- Cyber-Physical Systems, integrating a network of embedded real-time computing systems with physical systems like time embedded application ground and space vehicles.
- Wired and wireless networking, including robust Internet protocols, wireless LANs/WANs, cognitive radio networks, and sensor networks.
- Computation and network security, including lightweight systems (e.g., handhelds and sensor networks) and enterprise systems & networks.
- Low-power embedded real-time OS, middleware, and storage systems.
- Virtualization-based resource management for large-scale Internet services and servers.
- Body-Area Networks

EFFICIENT WAREHOUSE AND RACK SCALE COMPUTERS
Faculty: Mosharaf Chowdhury, Jason Mars, Lingjia Tang

Today’s warehouse scale computers (WSC) face two major challenges: inefficiency in resource utilization and a mismatch between expected and experienced performance. One of the major sources of inefficiency in WSC lies in the drastic gap between the state-of-the-art software systems in WSCs and modern hardware platform capabilities. We find this SW/HW efficiency gap exists even in the most sophisticated data centers. This gap manifests itself in several aspects and in every level within the WSC system, and our work focuses on designing the software stack, including cluster-level scheduling and server-level runtime systems, to eradicate these inefficiencies.

As networks become faster, an emerging platform for computing is rack scale computers (RaSC). We are building RaSCs that can provide a single machine abstraction out of an entire rack using RDMA-enabled networking and resource disaggregation. The challenges in terms of efficiency and performance still arise from the mismatch between SW and HW layers. We are addressing a similar set of challenges as in WSCs in this exciting, new context of RaSCs for the very first time. Efficiency and performance still arise from the mismatch between SW and HW layers. We are addressing a similar set of challenges as in WSCs in this exciting, new context of RaSCs for the very first time.
DATABASE SYSTEMS
Faculty: Michael Cafarella, H.V. Jagadish, Barzan Mozafari

The database group’s research is focused on building the data management infrastructure for the twenty-first century, with particular emphasis on issues surrounding Big Data, including stream processing, approximate query answering, text mining, data integration, information extraction, and data sharing. We have a strong emphasis on database usability. Our approach is to understand at a fundamental level what it is about the data model and representation that make it hard to use and query.

In addition, we have a very strong data science effort, with particular emphasis on the effective integration and efficient querying of materials and biological data.

MOBILE AND CLOUD COMPUTING
Faculty: Mosharaf Chowdhury, Robert Dick, Jason Flinn, Sugih Jamin, Harsha Madhyastha, Scott Mahlke, Z. Morley Mao, Barzan Mozafari, Brian Noble, Atul Prakash, Kang Shin

Smartphones are increasingly popular as an alternative compute platform. We are investigating several key challenges to address the growing user demand while leveraging the new technology trends in cloud computing and multicore smartphone compute platforms. Ongoing research activities include:

• Accurate online power modeling of mobile applications.
• Dynamic offloading of executions.
• Cellular network policy investigation and security analysis.
• Smartphone workload modeling and benchmarking.
• Large-scale cellular network performance measurement and diagnosis.
• Mobile application profiling and cross layer analysis.
• Multi-resource allocation in cloud computing.
• Geo-distributed analytics across multiple clouds.
• Predictable performance in the cloud.

PARALLEL COMPUTING
Faculty: Satish Narayanasamy, Quentin Stout

Prof. Stout’s research is primarily in the area of parallel computing/supercomputing applied to scientific simulations. These projects usually involve large interdisciplinary teams. Since the computers used are sometimes among the largest in the world, there is an emphasis on developing parallel data structures and algorithms that scale to thousands of processors. They also develop software frameworks which allow them to compose large complex simulations, such as a climate model, from pieces such as atmospheric, ocean, and land models. Prof. Narayanasamy works on parallel computer architecture, and its interaction with parallel languages, compilers and operating system. The goal is to make parallel programming as easy as sequential programming. Some of the specific projects include research on deterministic parallel computing, memory consistency models and heterogeneous programming models and runtime support for cloud computing.
APPROXIMATE QUERY PROCESSING

Faculty: HV Jagadish, Barzan Mozafari

With the abundance of massive datasets, traditional data processing tools have now become the bottleneck in many data science scenarios. Even with a few terabytes of data, the fastest database systems today take hours or days to answer the simplest queries. This response time is simply unacceptable to many users and applications. The exploratory data analytics, however, is often an interactive and iterative process: a data scientist forms an initial hypothesis (e.g., by visualizing the data), consults the data, adjusts his/her hypothesis accordingly, and repeats this process until a satisfactory answer is discovered. Thus, slow and costly interactions with data can severely inhibit a data scientist’s productivity, engagement, and even creativity. Driven by this growing demand for interactive analytics, Approximate Query Processing (AQP) aims to return immediate response times by providing answers that are 99.9% accurate in most cases.
AFFILIATED FACULTY

Mark Ackerman - Computer Science and Engineering, Interactive Systems
Eytan Adar - School of Information
Robert Dick - Electrical and Computer Engineering
Alfred Hero - Electrical and Computer Engineering
Jean-Baptiste Jeannin - Aerospace Engineering
Honglak Lee - Computer Science and Engineering, Artificial Intelligence
Scott Mahlke - Computer Science and Engineering, Hardware Systems

Jason Mars - Computer Science and Engineering, Hardware Systems
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Shai Revzen – Electrical and Computer Engineering
Lingjia Tang - Computer Science and Engineering, Hardware Systems