Class 1: Getting started

Overview

1. Announcements
2. Review
3. Q&A
4. Extras
5. Basic assignment

Announcements

- Basic - Intro released!
  - Due at the end of October 2
- Survey from Syllabus week due tonight

Review

What is a terminal?

- I/O device/peripheral
- Sends text to a computer
- Receives text from computer to display

What is a shell?

- Program that the user goes through to interact with the OS
- Graphical and command line varieties
- Command line shells interpret user-entered text and do something with it
    - Navigate through files and directories

Review

File paths

- Describe how to get to a file/directory by traversing directories
- `/` is the directory separator
- "Root" is the highest level/topmost directory
- Absolute paths: start with a `/`
- Relative paths: don't start with a `/`
  - Implicitly start from the current directory
- "Special" directories
  - Each directory contains these
  - `.` leads to the same directory
  - `..` leads to the parent of the directory

Review

Basic commands

- `man`: "manual pages"
- `pwd`: "print working directory"
- `ls`: "list directory"
- `cd`: "change directory"
- `mv`: "move"
- `cp`: "copy"
- `touch`
- `rm`: "remove"
- `cat`: "concatenate"

Review

Command structure

```
$ <command> <argument 1> <argument 2> <argument 3>
^     ^    ^     ^
|     |    |     |-- programs are provided these to
|     |    |         interpret (remember argc and argv[]?)
|     |    |
|     |    |-- words separated by whitespace
|     |
|     |-- certain things are actual programs, certain things
|         are handled by the shell ("built-ins")
|
|-- this is called a "prompt" and can take many forms
```

Review

Pipes and redirection

- `|` passes output from one command to the input of another
- `>` sends the output to a specified file instead of a terminal
- `<` reads input from a specified file instead of a terminal

Q&A

Extras

- Command line text editors
- Terminal pagers
- Shell scripts
- How WSL files work

Activity 1

- Count the number of items in a directory
  - `ls` will list out items in a directory
  - `wc -l` will count the number of lines of given *input*
  - `ls` will change its behavior to output items on lines when it's not printing to a terminal..

Activity 2

- Using only your terminal, create a Hello World program in C++ (or your preferred language)

Basic assignment

- Create an SSH keypair
  - You can use an existing one
- Submit the keypair to the course server
- UMVPN

Addenda

Environment

- Terminal emulator: **Alacritty**
  - Former rxvt-unicode user until I learned how bad its font handling was
- Shell: **Zsh**
- Window manager: **i3-gaps**
- Compositor: **picom**
  - Does window transparency effects
- Notification server: **dunst**
  - Displays notifications

Software

- Editor: **Neovim**, **Vim**
- System monitoring: **htop**
- Notetaking: **Xournal++**