ESTABLISHED 1890

The Michigan Daily

MEMBER ASSOCIATED PRESS

VOL. XXXVII. No. 41 EIGHT PAGES ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1927 EIGHT PAGES PRICE FIVE CENTS

JOURNAL EDITOR SAYS PHYSICIANS REVERTING TO CUSTOMS OF PAST

FISHBEIN ADDRESSES STATE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION IN CONVENTION HERE

SESSION TO END TODAY

White Declares Majority Of Quackery Present Is Due To Reliance Of Physicians And Surgeons

Physicians are for the most part reverting to custom of the past in attempting to establish direct relations and contact between themselves and their patients," said Dr. Morris Fishbein, editor of the Journal of the American Medical association in his message last night to Medical Science and Instruction to the members of the state medical body which is in session in Ann Arbor the last of this week. "Laboratory methods, which for a time threatened to entirely abolish the personal element in the practice of medicine, seem to have reached the limit of their influence upon the profession," he continued.

Dr. Fishbein began by tracing the history of the medical code of ethics from its earliest beginnings in 3100 B. C. He illustrated that the constant tendency has been in the development of that code to change from the policy of keeping the practice in the narrowest possible confines to the present doctrine of spreading the knowledge abroad. His opinion is that the average man is not guided in his choice of physicians by any standard of scientific attainment as much as for some petty reason. In connecting this with the question of ethics, he said, "It is a sad fact that most doctors have but little knowledge of the broader principles of their craft. Another proof that there is hardly a school in the country that gives as a part of its medical curriculum any courses dealing with the relation of the physician to his patient or to the approach which should be placed upon ethics."

Deplores News-hounds

Dr. Fishbein deprecated the fact that there are in existence a great many news-hounds in the medical as well as in the legal profession, and that these were men who consistently made the front page through their activities in some of the unsubstantiated theories such as the transplanting of glands. He answered the charges of an earlier speaker that the medical profession of today fails in its duty to the public, by giving evidences of the complete information and publicity bureaus organized by the American Medical association and other official bodies. These bureaus serve through the medium of radio lectures, syndicated articles, and answers to direct inquiries, he said.

Pledging for increased co-operation between the solid organizations of medical practitioners and the newspaper, Leo A White of the Detroit News, the other speaker to appear, divulged through the working out of his book, "Doctors, The Doctors, And The Public," the fact that most of the quackery prevalent in the country today is due to certain reticence on the part of the practicing physician. "Both the press, every member of the unions and that of medicine are under the excoriating and merciless eye of the public," he said, "and while doctors are accused of quackery, malpractice, and rum persons of knowledge, newspaper men are likewise charged with corruptibility, sadistic appetite for crime, and obfuscation of facts.

Outlines Progress

Journalism has been since its earlier days a chronicler of quackery, fads and nonsense, and patent medicine advertising formed largely the first variety of news. To remedy this, modern papers have lopped off thousands of dollars of income through advertising in order to give sense to advancement of public knowledge through editorial, medical comment. At the same time they have been the unwilling victims of not too scrupulous practitioners and unsupported scientists.

"In place of the small assistance heretofore render by the profession," said White, "doctors should rather offer help in the battle for health. The greatest weapon against quackery is a machine of publicity. In this act, moreover, the information immortal to health is conservative but not obnoxious to the public. The press is specially fitted for the intricacies of style and policy. Stories are written and picked with the edulcorant reader in view. Now is the opportunity to enlist support for, in a generation of readers which will be easier for the next generation of medical men to address."

The meeting last night was of a general nature and the public was invited to attend. Dean Hugh Cabot, of the Medical school, introduced the speakers. The three day session will close today with a morning clinical demonstration at the University hospital.

LONDON—A serious outbreak of smallpox with 325 cases has been reported from the colliery district of Durham.

O'Brien, Police Head, Favors Capital Punishment If Evidence Is Conclusive

Editor's Note: This is the eighth of a series of interviews with prominent authorities on the crime situation in the United States. Copyright 1927 by The Michigan Daily.

Capital punishment and more severe penalties for all crimes are advocated by Chief of Police Thomas O'Brien to remedy the present crime situation. "However," he explained yesterday, "the maximum punishment should be inflicted only in extreme cases where the evidence is conclusive. Capital punishment should never be employed when the evidence is only circumstantial."

In regard to the reports of an excessive amount of crime, Chief O'Brien declared that there is today a "continual round of lawlessness and disrespect for all laws." Capital punishment, he went on, would materially lessen this wave.

In fact, an increase in the severity of penalties for all crimes would do much towards helping the situation, he believes. Prison terms are short and the criminal feels safe in feeling that he will probably get out, either on parole or by pardon before his term is up.

The life sentence was cited as an example of an ineffective punishment for the seriousness of the crime involved. The average length of this term is only eleven years, after which space of time the "lifer" is pardoned. "If penalties were as severe as they are in Europe," the chief concluded in this respect, "crime would be effectually reduced. There is 75 per cent less crime in Europe than in the United States."

"Criminals are much younger and more expert than they were 25 years ago and, with the aid of the automobile, they are a more dangerous element today than they have been in the past," he said.

According to Chief O'Brien, a new class of lawbreakers was created by the passage of the eighteenth amendment, the bootlegger. The bootlegging industry has led to a wholesale disrespect of laws, he asserted.

(Continued on Page 2)

SENATE BANS HOUSE DANCES AFTER GAMES

Fraternities And Sororities Forbidden To Hold Parties After Home Games Next Year

TO HOLD J-HOP FEB. 11

In an effort to protect fraternities and sororities from the misdoings of visitors at the parties held on the days of home football games, the Senate Committee on Student Affairs decided yesterday to forbid the holding of dances on these days during the year 1927-1928. The measure was adopted to remedy the situation now existing. Various representatives having expressed their inability to cope with the problem. The committee hopes that the plan may help solve the difficulty next year.

The ruling applies only to the Saturdays upon which football games will be played in Ann Arbor next fall and in no way limits the holding of parties on other dates during the year.

The Senate committee at their meeting yesterday in the office of the Dean of Students also approved the date for the Pan-Hellenic ball, for Nov. 25, the Sophomore Prom for Dec. 16, and the J-Hop on Feb. 11. Approval was also given to the Student Christian association to hold a membership campaign Nov. 30, Dec. 1 and 2.

Union Head Favors Suggested Changes

Lester F. Johnson, '27L, president of the Union, stated yesterday that he believes that the proposed Union amendments are fair to all students concerned and represent a liberal policy on the part of the Union.

Concerning the amendment proposed as adopted by the Board of Directors, Johnson said, "It is only after diligent consideration of all men affected that these proposals have been adopted. We believe that under this plan, the control over the affairs of the Union—no matter what previous action, if any, he has taken concerning life membership—will receive just consideration. The Union has adopted the most liberal plan possible."

LONDON. — Sir William Joynson-Hicks, the home secretary, has refused, the Daily Mail says, to prevent the release of an American film, "The Unknown Soldier," during Armistice week.

Hobbs Prepares For New Greenland Trip To Carry On Work Of Summer Expedition

Using the scientific data obtained on his nine week expedition in southwest Greenland last summer as a basis for further research, Prof. William H. Hobbs, of the geology department is now completing arrangements for a similar scientific expedition next summer.

"The expedition of this year was undertaken as preliminary to the larger one now planned for 1927," Professor Hobbs said, in an interview, "and our little party consisted of but six men. Professor Lawrence M. Gould, of the geology department, acted in the capacity of assistant director, geologist, photographer, moving picture operator, and general handyman. Prof. C. F. Marvin, chief of the United States Weather bureau, loaned us the services of Mr. S. P. Ferguson, upper-air meteorological expert, who directed the use of the kites, pilot balloons, and meteorgraphs loaned us by the weather bureau. Our other meteorologist was Prof. J. E. Church, '92, now of the University of Nevada. Ralph L. Belknap, '23E, of the geology department, had charge of the surveying.

The radio operator of the expedition was Mr. P. C. Sweanyan, Jr., who proved himself an able assistant, as well as an expert in his own field. Our wireless installation was designed by Mr. John L. Reinartz, and was the first short wave station to be erected in the interior of Greenland, and was able to pick up messages from South America, New Zealand, and Arabia, as well as from the United States and Europe. The range of the transmitter was approximately 1,000 miles, which was sufficient to maintain communication with the Morrissey during her summer cruise, although our larger transmitter had to be left behind because of the lack of cargo space available on board ship. Every night at a set hour, through the courtesy of the United States Weather bureau, loaned us the services of Mr. S. P. Ferguson, upper-air meteorological expert, who directed the use of the kites, pilot balloons, and meteorgraphs loaned us by the weather bureau. Our other meteorologist was Prof. J. E. Church, '92, now of the University of Nevada. Ralph L. Belknap, '23E, of the geology department, had charge of the surveying.

"We were favored by exceptionally fair a study of the winds in the higher good weather," Professor Hobbs continued. "And throughout the nine weeks of our stay in Greenland, Camp Little located fifty miles east of Holsteinborg, served as a base of operations and experiments with balloons. We carried out over 50 successful record-making pilot balloon ascensions

(Continued on Page Eight)

LITTLE STATES NEED FOR BETTER HOUSING THROUGH RADIO TALK

PRESIDENT EMPHASIZES LACK OF HOME-LIKE ATMOSPHERE FOR STUDENTS

NEW UNION HEAD SPEAKS

Four Faculty Addresses And Music By Burgesses And Whitmore Of School Of Music Feature Program

Just as the attention of an audience is temporarily interrupted and the subject being treated at that time by the speaker is apt to be poorly understood when someone comes in late or gets up to change their seat or receives a message from an attendant, so do inadequate living conditions or social surroundings interrupt or disorganize the organized process of instruction as offered by a trained faculty in an institution of higher education, said President Clarence Cook Little characterizing the housing problem at the University in a speech delivered on the third of the Michigan Night Radio programs last night.

"Students cannot be trained in habits of regular, intelligent, desirable behavior at college unless proper and adequate living conditions are provided for them. To spend large sums of money on higher education without realizing that this education is of little value without strong character and good judgment to apply it, seems unwise," he said.

Asks For Homes

Explaining that the word "dormitories" did not correctly describe the college residences he had reference to, he said: "Home is much more nearly what I wish to express. At a time when the home as a social unit is tottering at the brink of a most uncertain precipice, I do not see how we can longer afford to neglect our duty in doing what we can to establish it at once."

President Little viewed the need for such buildings especially acute, realizing "that the stronger and finer side of student life undergoes its best development in the atmosphere of comfortable home-like surroundings." Private resources have already contributed more than $550,000 for a Women's League building, he said, and more than $750,000 for five residences, but there still remains $3,000,000 for residences to house those not now adequately cared for.

In conclusion, President Little appealed to the citizens by saying, "There is no state so near the grasp of true ideals of publically supported higher education as is the State of Michigan. It should, and I believe it will, willingly and gladly take up this problem without further delay."

Registrar Speaks

Because of the enormous development in secondary education the high schools and institutions find at their doors more students applying for admission than can be admitted, said Ira M. Smith, registrar, in speaking on "From High School to College," "But the position of Michigan is unique," he continued, "It is national in scope—in fact international. It attracts those in the west who desire to attend an eastern school, and those in the East who wish to attend a western school."

All of the facilities of the Union, with a complete description of the building, were discussed by Paul Buckley, general manager, in the third of the four minute talks. More than 4,000 meetings are held each year in the Union, and "on the days of big football games nearly 4,000 meals are served, and between 15,000 and 20,000 use some of the conveniences offered," he said as he explained the advantages of the Union to students.

Filipino Needs Education

"Not independence, but education, presents the immediate problem in the Philippine Islands," believes Harold D. Scott of the rhetoric department, "and it is a problem not easy to solve, first because education is being carried on in a tongue foreign to the Filipinos, and secondly because profound economic adjustments must be made before there can be real education in the islands."

It is true that schools have been established rapidly, he said, but yet only one-third of the children between the ages of 7 and 14 are now in school, or just one million out of three. This means that "in spite of the patent eagerness and ability of the Filipino pupils the lack of school facilities means that the bulk of the population, even in the next two or three generations, must go uneducated."

Musical numbers were furnished by Anthony Whitmore, violinist, and Myron Burgesses, baritone, accompanied by Miss Margaret Filo.

The Weather

(By Associated Press)

Unsettled today and tomorrow with rain by night. Rising temperature today.

Queen Marie Thinks Women Here Are In Happier Conditions

(By Associated Press)

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 12.—Queen Marie has seen enough of this country to convince her that the position of "women in America is happier than anywhere else."

The reason for it, she told St. Louis women who were hosts at luncheon, is that "your men allow the women to do their share" to a much larger degree than in her own country.

Marie saw the sights of St. Louis today, while exchanging greetings with thousands who poured out of business offices during the noon hour to see the royal Roumanian motor through the city.

DRIVE FOR EASTERN CONFERENCE RENEWED

Agitation Follows Disruption Of Big Three Caused By The Harvard-Princeton Break

IDEA GAINS POPULARITY

BULLETIN

(By Associated Press)

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 12.—Carrying out the suggestion made yesterday in New York by Howard Elliott, chairman of the board of overseers of Harvard university, the Harvard student council tonight invited the Princeton senior council to "a complete and frank discussion" of the grievances of the two universities.

(By Associated Press)

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—Expressions of approval from two leading universities and a receptive attitude prevailing at three others today gave added impetus to advocations for the launching of an eastern football conference as an outgrowth of the Princeton-Harvard break.

Taking the lead in the movement, Pennsylvania and Brown lined up in favor of organization. The position of the Philadelphia university was described in the Associated Press in a canvass of sentiment as approving the conference idea, "provided that all members have the same scholastic and athletic standards."

While no official statement was forthcoming from Brown athletic officials, the Brown Herald saw "no objections to such a conference composed of such colleges as Pennsylvania, Yale, Cornell, Dartmouth, Harvard, Army, Princeton, Navy, Columbia and Brown."

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 12.—No evidence of friction between Princeton and Harvard barriers was apparent as Harvard, for the second successive season, today defeated Yale and Princeton in the annual triangular cross-country run.

Just before the starting gun, Captains Myrick of Princeton and Haggerty of Harvard shook hands before the runners, then both shook hands with Captain Smith of Yale.

New Alumnus Will Be Released Today

With a cover design, "A Glimpse of Whitmore Lake," sketched by Prof. Emil Lorch of the college of architecture, and a description of the new Museums building, this week's issue of the Michigan Alumnus is being distributed today. An obituary of the late Prof. William J. Hussey, director of the University observatory, an account of Michigan alumnae on the faculty of Wellesley college, and the story of the Michigan-Wisconsin football encounter are also included in the issue.

Poincare Is Granted Vote Of Confidence

(By Associated Press)

PARIS, Nov. 12.—Premier Poincare won a vote of confidence for the government on the reopening of Parliament and at the same time declined to be drawn into debate on Franco-Italian relations centering around the Corfu incident and the Garibaldi affair.

NO DAILY EXTRA WILL BE ISSUED FOR O. S. U. GAME

Due to the fact that a large percentage of Michigan students will be at Columbus for the Ohio State-Michigan football game, there will be no extra edition of The Daily today. The last Michigan Daily football extra of the season will be placed on sale immediately after the Minnesota-Michigan game at Minneapolis on Nov. 20.

Scores of important games may be obtained by calling The Daily offices, 4925 or 21214.

OHIO STATE TEAM RATED SLIGHT FAVORITE AS YOSTMEN INVADE COLUMBUS FOR CLASH WHICH MAY DECIDE BIG TEN CHAMPIONSHIP

LINEUP DISCUSSED

COLUMBUS, Nov. 12.—Speculation on the opening lineups is the main subject of conversation among the throng that awaits the opening whistle in the Michigan-Ohio State game here tomorrow. Neither Coach Yost nor Coach Wilce would make any definite announcements regarding the personnel of their starting teams, but the following list is generally considered correct by those who have followed the teams closely during the past week:

OHIO STATE		MICHIGAN
Dell	LE	Oosterbaan
Cox	LT	Baer
Hess	LG	Lovette
Klein	C	Schoenfeld
Meyers	RG	Lovette
Szukowski	RT	Oehel
Rowan	RE	Plora
Clark	Q	Friedman
Krusiamp	LH	Gilbert
Grim	RH	Molenda
Karow	FB	Weber

Referee—James Masker, Northwestern; Umpire—Hafner, Yale; Field Judge—Maloney, North Dakota; Head Linesman—Wyatt, Missouri. Time of game—2 o'clock.

GRID-GRAPH TO DRAW MANY TO AUDITORIUM

Michigan Club Of Detroit Will Also Operate A Grid-Graph At Book-Cadillac Hotel

RUNNERS TO BE GUESTS

Despite the fact that more than 2,000 students are making the trip to Columbus, the ticket sale for the grid-graph at Hill auditorium has been unusually brisk.

In an effort to assure the highest possible efficiency, the management has had the board completely overhauled and tested. A special operator, who will spend all morning in testing the telegraphic connections at the Ohio State stadium, left on the special train last night. The officials of the Western Union company believe that rapid co-operation will be insured by the fact that both the sending and receiving operators will be from the same station.

The first ten winners in the freshman cross-country race, which will be held this morning, and all the men on the varsity cross-country team will attend the grid-graph as guests of the management.

Robert C. Leland, '26, a member of the Varsity cheerleading squad, will call the crowd to yells and songs. He will also read all the telegrams which the board will be unable to show. Scores from other games will be announced to the audience between halves and during the time-out periods.

The doors of the auditorium will be opened at 1:30 o'clock, an hour before the start of the game. Prices remain the same as in the past, 75 cents for main floor seats and 35 cents for balcony seats. Tickets are on sale at Graham's, Slater's, Wahr's, Huston's, George Moe's sport shop, the Union, and both the Calkins-Fletcher drug stores. Tickets may also be obtained at box-office at Hill auditorium.

Reports of the game will also be given at the matinee performance of the Majestic theatre.

DETROIT, Nov. 12.—As has been customary for the past few years, the University of Michigan club of Detroit will operate a grid-graph starting at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon in the main ballroom of the Book-Cadillac hotel. There will be a direct wire from Columbus sending in returns of the game which will be shown on the board as received.

Varsity cheerleaders will be present there will also be music. A charge of 50 cents for students and 75 cents for others will be made.

Lackland To Speak On Labor In Europe

"Lessons from European Movements" will be the subject of a lecture by George S. Lackland to be given at 4:15 o'clock next Tuesday afternoon in Natural Science auditorium. The speaker has recently returned from a European tour and is well acquainted with the foreign conditions about which he will talk.

Dr. Lackland, who is one of the country's foremost ministers, has lived since 1918 in Denver, Col., where he has been actively engaged in the work of bettering labor conditions.

ENTHUSIASM REACHES UNUSUAL HEIGHTS AS GAME TIME APPROACHES

90,000 TO SEE GAME

Coaches Remain In Doubt Concerning Starting Lineups; Lavette To Oppose Hess

By Wilton A. Simpson

COLUMBUS, Nov. 12.—Enthusiasm has reached great heights among the thousands of football followers who are flocking into this city to see Michigan battle the strong Ohio State eleven in one of the most important games scheduled for the Middle West here tomorrow afternoon. The football fervor has taken a deadly grip on the town, and Ohio being filled with aspirations to eliminate the Wolverines from the Conference championship race.

Alumni from both Michigan and Ohio have been filing into the battleground since early yesterday, and an influx of students from Ann Arbor this afternoon have added to the frenzy, and from present indications tomorrow is not to be outdone in spirit by the memorial dedication game here in 1922, when Harry Kipke ran rampant over the new turf in the Buckeye stadium and aided the Wolverines in earning a 13 to 0 victory. Hotel space and tickets for the game are so scarce as a serene atmosphere at Harvard and Princeton. The law of supply and demand is working to its full integrity and scalpers have put the pushbuttons out of reach by asking exorbitant prices.

Betting Odds Favor Buckeyes

Michigan will enter the game tomorrow as the underdog, the betting odds and football critics giving the Buckeyes a slight edge. Michigan's 6 to 0 victory over Wisconsin did not dampen the enthusiasm of the Ohio State. On the contrary, it seems to have heightened the spirit. To glorify it in the eyes of the public, the following and has decided that now is the time for the ghosts of Harry Stinchcomb to rise and subdue the Wolverines.

The Wolverine football party arrived here early this morning and motored immediately to its headquarters, the Columbus Athletic club. Coach Yost held a skull practice this morning and sent the men through a final practice in the huge stadium this afternoon to polish up the attack which will be used against the Buckeyes.

Coach Yost would make no definite announcement as to his starting lineup, but indications point to the fact that there will be no changes in the backfield. Ohio State has always proven a power on forward pass defense and it is likely that Yost will resort to a fine plunging game, combined with an aerial attack. Wabash played a stellar game against Wisconsin and will start again tomorrow at fullback to strengthen the line plunging, and to bolster the Michigan line against the line smashes of Marty Karow, the ace of the Buckeye team.

Molenda Expected To Start

Bo Molenda, who has been troubled with an injured ankle, seems to be in the condition today, and will bo ready to start at right halfback Gilbert will play at left half and Captain Friedman will direct the play from quarterback.

There are possibilities of a few changes in the line, the center and right tackle positions being the uncertainty. The center position is a toss up between Schoenfeld and Proctor Oosterbaan, with the former holding a slight edge. Gabel may give way to Squier or Grinnell at right tackle, Oosterbaan and Flora will cover the ends, and Dewey and Lovette will start at the guards. Lovette is to play opposite Hess, an all-American guard last season. Baer is almost certain to retain his place at right tackle.

There has been a great deal of speculation as to the starting lineup for the Ohio State team. Eby, Kruetzamp, and Marek are all possibilities for the left halfback position. Coach Wilce intimated tonight that Ohio will line up against the Wolverines with Krusiamp and Grim at the halves, Clark at quarterback, and Karow at fullback.

DAILY RATES ADVANCE MONDAY

Unpaid subscriptions to The Daily, of which there are more than 400, must be paid on or before Monday, in order to come under the $3.75 rate, it was announced yesterday by the circulation manager. After that date the price will be raised to $4.25. If the subscriptions are not paid by Dec. 1, delivery will be stopped, and the papers already issued will be charged at five cents each.

ESTABLISHED 1890

The Michigan Daily

MEMBER ASSOCIATED PRESS

VOL. XXXVII. No 48 EIGHT PAGES ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1927 EIGHT PAGES PRICE FIVE CENTS

QUEEN MARIE TO SAIL AT ONCE FOR HOME; TOUR VIRTUALLY OVER

Distressed by Illness of King Ferdinand; Directs Immediate Return.

CANCEL MANY VISITS

Information Concerning New Itinerary Still Lacking; Prince Nicholas To Visit Detroit.

By Associated Press

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 18.—Queen Marie of Roumania virtually cancelled her American tour here tonight and made ready for a quick run to New York where she will sail for home on the first ship available.

Distressed by private advices from Bucharest concerning the condition of King Ferdinand, she summoned members of her suite and American advisers early and directed that she be taken at once as possible to the bedside of her husband. Dispatches from abroad have described the king's illness as inflammation of the lower intestine and as cancer.

Some confusion attended efforts of train officials to outline a new itinerary for the royal party for the trip to New York and tonight definite information still was lacking. Tentatively the Queen and Princess Ileana will go direct to New York while Prince Nicholas pays brief visits to Detroit and Cleveland to see automobile plants and to greet Roumanian residents. Arrival and departure dates for the latter visit, however, although Marie is expected to sail November 23 on the Berengaria.

It was definitely announced, however, that the plan to have the royal party see the Army and Navy football game in Chicago is cancelled, as is the proposed trip from Washington through Atlantic City, Lakewood, N. J., White Sulphur Springs, West Virginia, and Richmond, Virginia.

Although she had waited in vain for further advices from Bucharest, Queen Marie showed no traces of her anxiety today, as she followed Louisville's regular program. She visited the birthplace of Abraham Lincoln at Hodgenville and "My Old Kentucky Home" at Bardstown, but decided to omit a civic banquet and ball tonight.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—The Roumanian legation announced tonight on behalf of Queen Marie that, due to anxiety over the health of King Ferdinand, the Queen had deemed it proper to cancel the remainder of her American tour and proceed home at the earliest possible moment.

The legation's announcement said: "Due to the anxiety regarding the health of His Majesty the King, Her Majesty the Queen thought it advisable to renounce to her deepest regret her entire tour.

"Leaving Louisville tonight and proceeding directly to New York, where she will probably arrive about Saturday morning, Her Majesty will at once sail for Europe the first half of next week."

Book-Cadillac Will Feature Grid-Graph

Owing to the enthusiasm shown at the Wisconsin and Ohio State games, a grid-graph service will again be given in the main ball room of the Book-Cadillac hotel tomorrow. The event is held under the auspices of the Michigan club of Detroit. Willard Pryce, who was president of the Oratorical association of the University two years ago, assisted by Ted English, is in charge of the arrangements.

Various features fill out the program in addition to the grid-graph itself. Last week, President Clarence Cook Little spoke to the audience which packed the Ball room, just before the Ohio State game started. Two weeks ago Mayor John Smith of Detroit, was present.

The first returns will begin about 2:30 o'clock and those wishing to take advantage of the service are advised to come early as at the previous games standing room only was left by game time.

MADRID.—Spain shortly is to have a new home for its embassy in Washington.

Wood Maintains Favorable Environment Is Great Factor In Prevention Of Crime

By Prof. Arthur Evans Wood Department of Sociology

Editor's note: This is the twelfth of a series of interviews with prominent writers, men of the world, written for the Daily exclusively by The Michigan Daily.

The Daily has undertaken a large order in its present review of the crime situation, and there appears to be an interesting variety of opinion on the subject. It is, to be sure, a good deal like Mark Twain's weather, in that everybody is talking about it, but little is done. A fact in the problem which is both tragic and encouraging is that the mass of the criminal population which now engages so much attention is made up of young men in their early twenties. This is tragic because it reveals a great social waste in encouragement because it would seem that, if only we could discover how these boys "get that way," we should be able to direct their energies into other channels.

Many theories have held sway as to why people are "bad." That they are possessed of the devil; that they are descendents of Adam; that they are just born so; or that they are mentally diseased, are all more or less familiar hypotheses. It is not clear that these generalizations have enlarged very much our understanding of the problem.

The theory of mental disease is the most scientific and illuminating of those we have mentioned; yet an competent an observer as Healey states in his most recent publication that feeble-mindedness, psychotic condition and other forms of abnormal mentality have no all-determining influence in the production of delinquency, unless they are aggravated by a morally unfavorable environment. The matter appears to be somewhat as follows: Whatever be the good qualities of an individual, a good environment is necessary for their full and normal development. On the other hand, innate, undesirable qualities may be inhibited by a carefully adjusted environment, at least to the extent of preventing out and out criminal behavior. In any case, we cannot escape the importance of the social environment in explaining the criminal.

(Continued on Page 2)

Arrangements Are Cancelled For Queen Marie' Reception

President Clarence Cook Little sent the following telegram to the Roumanian legation in Washington: "Please express to her Majesty our sincere regret for the change in her plans, and the reasons which made this change necessary."

All arrangements which were made for the Queen's reception in Ann Arbor have been cancelled, according to official word received last night.

GRID-GRAPH TO SHOW GAME IN AUDITORIUM

Cancellation Of Visit Of Queen Marie Paves Way For Removal Of Board From Yost Field House

VARSITY BAND TO PLAY

Due to the cancellation of the visit of Queen Marie, of Roumania, Hill auditorium is once more available, and will be used tomorrow afternoon for the grid-graph of the Michigan-Minnesota football game. The board will not be operated at the Field house, as was announced yesterday.

This change makes the former price rates once more possible, and they will be used. The tickets already sold marked "Yost Field House" will be honored at the doors as main-floor tickets.

For the first time this year, the Varsity band will appear at the grid-graph and will play before the game starts and between halves. According to present plans, the band will make the regular march in formation across the campus, but instead of marching south on State street, it will turn south on State, and then east on N. University.

The management wishes to apologize for the absence of a cheerleader at the grid-graph of the Michigan-Ohio State game, and has made arrangements to have William A. Warrick, Varsity cheerleader, lead the crowd in songs and yells tomorrow. He will also make all announcements as are necessary and read the scores of other games.

From all indications the crowd at the auditorium tomorrow will far outnumber, any of the year. Tickets are on sale at Graham's, Slater's, Wahr's, Haeston's, the Union, Geo. Moe's sport shop, and Calkins-Fletcher's drug stores. The box-office of Hill auditorium will also sell tickets from the time the doors open until the game starts. The prices are 50 cents for main-floor seats, and 35 cents for balcony seats. Doors will be opened at 2 o'clock to allow the crowd time to get seated before the game begins.

Reports from the game will also be given at the matinee performance of the Majestic theater.

Union Directors To Adjust Constitution

Details made necessary by the passage of the amendments to the Union constitution Wednesday night will be attended to by the Union board of directors at their meeting next week.

The one and washed of making refunds to life members of the Union element of this ball's tuition will be settled, it has been announced, and all necessary adjustments for placing the new amendments in the constitution will be made at this time.

CLARK WILL ADDRESS HONORARY FRATERNITY

Creator of Office of Dean of Students Will Attend Installation of Society Here Tonight.

WILL INSPECT UNIVERSITY

Thomas Arkle Clark, dean of students of the University of Illinois, will be the principal speaker at the Phi Eta Sigma, installation banquet at 6:30 tonight in the Union. Dr. Clark is one of the founders of the fraternity which was established at the University of Illinois in 1923 and is said to be the creator of the office of Dean of Students.

Other speakers on the program will be Dean John R. Effinger of the literary college, J. A. Bursley, dean of students, and Stewart S. Howe, of Illinois, national president of the society. Honorary members of the fraternity include those mentioned, and, President Clarence Cook Little and Dean George W. Patterson of the engineering college.

Dr. Clark will arrive in Ann Arbor this morning and will spend the day inspecting the University, previous to the installation to take place at 6 o'clock. Forty-six members of last year's freshman class will be installed. The fraternity has recently expressed great interest in the purpose for which the fraternity was founded and its organization on the campus.

The fraternity was founded for the purpose of stimulating freshman scholarship. It is purely scholastic in character the members necessarily having an average of half A and half B during their first semester or entire freshman year.

The banquet will follow the installation ceremonies.

Booth Preferences Must Be Stated On J-Hop Applications

Due to the new plan adopted by the J-Hop committee this year whereby the price of the ticket includes the fee for booth privileges, it is necessary that every applicant place his booth preference, whether fraternity or independent, upon the application before presenting it to the committee, it was stated by the committee yesterday. Many applications have been received by the committee without any preference entertainment and it will be necessary for those that have already handed in applications without such preference to register their preference before next Tuesday.

There will be J-Hop committeemen at the main desk of the Union from 3 to 5 o'clock today and Monday for the purpose of issuing new applications and receiving preferences from those who have already sent their applications to the committee.

HISTORY SHOWS FIRST UNIVERSITY COMMENCEMENTS HELD IN CHURCH

In connection with the display of documents commemorating the centennial of the founding of the Presbyterian church in Ann Arbor, Prof. Orlando W. Stephenson, head of the history and social science departments of the University high school, has brought forth his history of Ann Arbor which he is now writing, the fact that the first commencement exercises of the University were held in the Presbyterian church.

On August 8, 1849, graduation exercises for twelve graduating members of the University were held in the Presbyterian church. Prof. George Palmer Williams presiding. The exercises were saddened by the death of Prof. Whiting, but the attendance was larger than it otherwise would have been since many visitors came for the purpose of having some part in the exercises held to honor his memory.

Edmund Fish, a member of the graduating class, gave the salutatory address, and each of the graduates gave an oration, discussing philosophy, history, and scientific problems. The editor of the Detroit Advertiser who was present at the exercises, praised the "pieces" spoken by the graduates. If of the law school.

CHOOSE PERSONNEL OF AMERICAN HISTORICAL ASSOCIATION CAMPAIGN

Michigan Committee to Aid Drive for Endowment of $2,000,000.

FOUNDED 42 YEARS AGO

Professor Brown Heads State Drive; Appeal for Fund to Continue National Services.

Announcement of the personnel of the Michigan committee of the American Historical Association endowment fund drive was made known today by Prof. Everett S. Brown of the political science department, who is executive secretary and director of the state drive.

The committee for Michigan includes President Emeritus Harry B. Hutchins, Regent William L. Clements, donor of the library bearing his name, which is devoted to historical work; Regent Junius E. Beal; Prof. Arthur L. Cross, Prof. Ulrich B. Phillips and Prof. Claude H. Van Tyne of the history department. Other members of the committee include prominent historians, newspapermen, philanthropists and business men throughout the state.

Society Is 150 Years Old.

On the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the achievement of the independence of the United States, the American Historical Association is appealing for a fund of one million dollars in order that it may continue and enlarge its national services. Former Senator Albert J. Beveridge is chairman of the national committee in charge of the drive.

One of the recent activities of the American Historical Association is of particular interest to Michigan. The late Senator Samuel M. Ralston of Indiana sponsored a bill providing for the editing and publication of documents in Washington embodying the action of the national government and officials with reference to the organization of the Western territories. Congress passed the bill but neglected to provide funds for the work.

At its annual meeting last December in Ann Arbor, the association passed a resolution requesting Congress to make the necessary funds available. A first appropriation of $20,000 was made and Dr. Newton D. Mereness has begun the work of publication under the direction of the chief of the Division of Publications in the State Department. These documents, when completely published, will tell the true story of the westward movement of the United States into the Old Northwest and across the continent.

Promotes Historical Study.

Dedicated to the promotion of American History and of the history in America, the American Historical Association has since its foundation forty-two years ago proved a most efficient agency in directing and coordinating historical interests throughout the United States. Among those who have served as president of the association are two presidents of the United States, Theodore Roosevelt and Woodrow Wilson, and such prominent men as James B. Angell, former president of the University of Michigan, Henry Adams, George F. Hoar, Charles Francis Adams, Alfred T. Mahan, Andrew D. White, George Bancroft and Goldwin Smith.

RADIO PERMIT IS GIVEN TO SIGNAL CORPS OF R. O. T. C.

Final approval for the operation of an amateur station by the Signal Corps unit of the R. O. T. C. was received from the Department of Commerce yesterday. The license assigned the call number, 8 AXZ, to the new station. Two years is the length of time for which the permit has been granted.

The set-up for the station has already been built and is ready for operation. The operator is known as a "short wave set" and has a Hertz antenna which is designed with a current feed system. Another feature of the mechanism is the transformer input of 50 watts.

The officials in charge believe that communication with amateur stations all over the country will be possible. It is expected that the station will join in the near future the U. S. Army amateur radio net, that is made up of amateur stations all over the country.

All the constructions and connections for the set were made by advanced students in the R. O. T. C. department. The assembling of the parts was done under the supervision of Lieut. Richard T. Schlosberg, of the United States Signal Corps, who is in charge of the station.

CLASS ELECTION

Election of officers for the freshman law class, which was announced for yesterday, through an error, will be held at 4:00 o'clock today in room

'Ensian Heads Urge Seniors To Have Photos Taken Soon

With 1,300 seniors who have not yet visited the photographers for sittings and but 24 days left, danger that many graduating students will not have their pictures in the 1927 Michiganensian is seen by 'Ensian officials. At the same time last year, although only 900 photographs remained to be taken, several students were left out due to the lateness of their sittings.

Seniors are urged to see the photographers right away, since, with the number left, the studios will have to accommodate 50 a day and it is feared that by Dec. 1 there will be so many remaining that all will not be accommodated.

The time cannot be extended after vacation due to the fact that pictures must be sorted and mounted before Jan. 15, the day on which photographs are to reach the engravers. Students could not be accommodated at any rate following vacation, since the studios will be working on the organization photographs.

Order slips could be purchased within the next ten days at the Michiganensian office in the Press building between 2 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon. Any senior buying an order slip after Dec. 1 must do so on the understanding that his picture may be withdrawn if the 'Ensian officials find it necessary.

BIBLE CITIES COVERED BY RISE OF DEAD SEA

—ALBRIGHT

City Of Zora Buried By Waters, Says Albright In Lecture On History Of Jordan Valley

EXCAVATION IMPOSSIBLE

In searching for some of the ancient sites mentioned in the Bible, particularly that of Zora, they have not been found generally because of the peculiar fact that the Dead Sea has been rising steadily for thousands of years, according to W. F. Albright, director of the American School of Oriental Research, speaking last night in Natural Science auditorium on "The Dawn of History in the Jordan Valley." His lecture last night was the concluding one of a series of three talks and a sequence to his afternoon lecture on "The Excavation of an Israelite City."

Along with the burial of the ancient city of Zora by the waters of the Dead Sea were many mounds of the bronze age. "The early traditions which have come to us always have a nucleus of truth," declared the speaker in explaining his belief that all of these sites were really exist, although perhaps not accessible to excavation.

Answering the question as to why the Jordan valley was so densely populated during the early bronze age, Mr. Albright explained that the people of necessity had to settle where they could irrigate their lands, and the river valley was the only place where this could be done. Thus the Jordan valley is no different than the valleys of the Nile, Euphrates, Tigris, and similar rivers of that region.

Mr. Albright was brought to Ann Arbor under the joint auspices of the University and the School of Religion.

Van Slyke Talks On Chemistry Of Blood

Dr. Donald Van Slyke lectured on the "Physical Chemistry of the Blood" yesterday afternoon in the Chemistry building. He brought out what was going on in blood circulation every minute of the day, the effects of various actions in the blood and the distribution of the salts and serums. Dr. Van Slyke is the chief chemist of the hospital of the Rockefeller Institute.

The speaker was introduced by Dr. Howard B. Lewis, professor of physiological chemistry, and was heard by a large audience. Dr. Van Slyke is a graduate of the University of the class of 1905 and was recently elected to an honorary membership in Phi Lambda Upsilon, national chemical fraternity.

SHAW GLADLY TAKES NOBEL HONOR BUT DECLINES TO ACCEPT MONEY

By Associated Press

LONDON, Nov. 18.—George Bernard Shaw, the veteran British playwright, who was awarded the Nobel prize in literature for 1925, today notified the Swedish academy that he was happy to accept the honor of the award but that he declined the prize money. He suggested, however, that the money, which easily amounts to about $35,000, be used to encourage "intercourse and understanding in literature and arts between Sweden and the British Isles."

Referring with characteristic humor to the fact that most of the papers which came to Great Britain from Sweden had nothing printed on it and apparently was used chiefly to wrap Australian apples, Shaw proposed that a fund be established to bring in important Swedish books and to support organs working for intellectual intercourse between the two nations.

Mr. Shaw's action is somewhat in line with that of President Theodore Roosevelt, who was awarded the Nobel Peace prize on Dec. 10, 1906, for his activities in bringing about peace between Japan and Russia. President Roosevelt devoted the $40,000 prize to a foundation for the promotion of industrial peace, a general instrumentality for arbitrating the differences between capital and labor.

SPEAKS TONIGHT ON WORLD COURT



George W. Wickersham

Former United States Attorney General, who will speak tonight in the Natural Science auditorium on "The Present Probability of American Adherence to the World Court."

OFFICIALS ARE SILENT ON NICARAGUA REVOLT

Washington Administrative Heads Make No Statements On Gun Running In Republic

DIAZ MESSAGE STUDIED

WASHINTON, Nov. 18.—Administration interitsts as to Mexican gun-running operations in Nicaragua remained masked tonight by official silence.

President Diaz's assurances that any means the Washington government might adopt to end hostilities in the Central American country would have the sympathetic, was being closely studied and there was no evidence that new instructions had yet been sent to the American charge in Managua, or Rear Admiral Julius L. Latimer, commanding American naval control in Nicaragua and adjacent waters.

A hint that further efforts might be expected to bring peace in Nicaragua by diplomatic means, eliminating the Mexican angle of the problem, was dropped at the State government. Despite the open invitation for forceful intervention to end invasion on the part of the government of Mexico, implied in President Diaz's communication, Secretary Kellogg was represented as regarding that document as a request for further American good offices to end the revolution.

Efforts to expand on this and ascertain what might happen if new diplomatic overtures were no more successful than those in the immediate past to the same end, were met with a refusal to commit the Washington government. Complete liberty to take any action warranted by developments in Nicaragua was reserved.

A specific inquiry as to whether the American embargo on arms shipments to Nicaragua might be raised and the Diaz government afforded an opportunity to supply itself from American sources, also drew a flat refusal to comment. In that connection, it was pointed out, however, that while the other Central American governments promptly took similar action in concert with the American embargo, the Mexican foreign minister had replied to official notification on the subject, that he would take the embargo question under advisement.

The Managua legation transmitted today the names of six cabinet officers appointed by Diaz. All are conservatives. A portfolio or two may still be vacant, held for possible liberal representation, but there was no definite word that Diaz had as yet made direct peace proposals to the liberals or as to what their attitude would be.

BUENOS AIRES.—The proposed South Polar expedition headed by Senor Parily has been postponed.

WICKERSHAM TO SPEAK ON LIKELIHOOD OF U. S. ENTRANCE INTO COURT

ATTORNEY GENERAL UNDER TAFT WILL DISCUSS AMERICAN RESERVATIONS

DEAN BATES TO PRESIDE

Is Chairman Of The League Of Nations Committee Of Jurists Working On International Law

Europe's view of the American World court reservations, and the present probability of the United States' entrance into that judiciary will be discussed by George W. Wickersham, formerly attorney general under President Taft, at 8 o'clock tonight in the Natural Science auditorium. Dean Henry M. Bates of the Law school will preside at the meeting, which is being conducted by the League of Nations Non-Partisan association.

Mr. Wickersham will explain the procedure of the conference of states signatories to the Permanent court of International Justice started, which he attended while in Geneva last summer. He is chairman of the League of Nations committee of distinguished jurists working on the codification of international law.

During his stay here, Mr. Wickersham will be the guest of the Lawyers' club, where he is to attend a luncheon of the law faculty this noon. He will be given a dinner at the Union tonight by a group of the faculty.

Spoke Here Three Years Ago

Mr. Wickersham spoke here three years ago, at which time he pronounced the World court, "the crowning achievement of the League," due largely to the efforts of Elihu Root. The latter was on the league committee which drew up the court statute, as provided in Article XIV of the league covenant. Another American jurist, John Bassett Moore, is now a judge on the World court bench.

In the address of 1927 Mr. Wickersham stated that "so long as any particular nation regards itself as superior to all the rest of the world and is so instructful of itself that it is afraid it is in contact with other nations and discuss their differences in public view, just so will all its proclaimed desire for peace will avail. It is not actually hollow and insincere."

In regard to the power of the court to stop wars, he said, "It may be conceded that an international court will not stop any war more than municipal courts stop duels, but every time an international question is settled by peaceful means, the possibility of the dispute ripening into a cause of war is removed."

Is New York Attorney

The speaker attended Lehigh university for two years, and graduated from the University of Pennsylvania law school in 1889. He holds honorary degrees from Pennsylvania, Lehigh, and Harvard universities, and from Hobart college. He has practiced law in New York city since 1889.

Mr. Wickersham was attorney general under President Taft from 1909 to 1913. Among other public offices which he has held, he was chairman of the Judiciary committee of the New York Constitutional convention in 1915, president of the Bar association of New York from 1914 to 1917, president of the American Prison association, and is a trustee of the Carnegie institution of Washington, the University of Pennsylvania, Barnard college, and the Cathedral of St. John the Divine in New York city. He is an officer of the French Legion of Honor. He is now a member of the firm of Cadwalader, Wickersham and Taft, of New York.

Senior Students In School Of Education Plan For Memorial

That each member of the class be assessed with fines amounting to two dollars in order that the class might leave some memorial, was the decision reached by the members of the senior class of the School of Education at their meeting in the auditorium of the University high school yesterday afternoon.

In order to assure a response in payment of these fines by all the members of the class, it was decided that those members who fail to respond be declared ineligible to hold any class offices or any position on any of the various committees. The personnel of some of the committees already chosen was announced, among these was a committee which is to decide just what form the class memorial will take.

The Weather

(By Associated Press)

Lower Michigan, snow today and probably tomorrow. Continued cold.