ONLY CHOICE
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The Michigan Daily

Latest Deadline in the State

PARTLY CLOUDY

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NATIONALISTS FLEE NANKING

Truman Asks Approval of Medical Plan

Would Lay Taxes On All Payrolls

WASHINGTON—(AP)—President Truman asked Congress yesterday to help end "unnecessary human suffering" by approving a compulsory medical insurance plan which, officials said, might cost $6,000,000,000 a year.

WORKERS PAY checks and employers payrolls would be taxed to finance the program.

Declaring that "good health is the foundation of a nation's strength," President Truman appealed anew for adoption of the broad 10-year health program he previously had outlined to the lawmakers.

This calls for a vast expansion of the country's medical services and hospital facilities, plus increased numbers of doctors, dentists and nurses.

BUT THE PRESIDENT laid major stress on the Compulsory Health Insurance Program in his 3,000-word message to Congress.

President Truman, however, pointed to the recent spread of voluntary medical insurance plans as "proof that our people understand the advantages of health insurance and desire its extension."

"Unfortunately," he added, "voluntary plans have proved inadequate to meet the need." He said that while some 50,000,000 Americans now have "some form of health insurance" only "three and one-half million of our people have insurance which provides anything approaching adequate health protection."

BRUSHING ASIDE opponents' charges that the Federal Insurance project would be too costly, President Truman said "the truth is that we will save a great deal more than it costs."

"The real cost of our present inadequate medical care," the President said, "is not measured merely by doctors' bills and hospital bills. The real cost to society is in unnecessary human suffering and the yearly loss of hundreds of millions of productive working days."

"It is plain common sense," he said, "that we should not permit these needless costs to continue when we have it within our power to reduce them with a practical health program."

Big 3 Offers Compromise To Germans

WASHINGTON—(AP)—An ace American trouble-shooter, Robert D. Murphy, rushed overseas last night to sell a "compromise" plan of limited self-government to balking Germans and thus prevent Russia from winning a big round in the cold war.

THE COMPROMISE was offered by the big three—the United States, Britain and France—after the powerful German Socialist Party turned thumbs down on a big three offer for a federal German state with limited powers.

In the compromise, made public tonight, the three powers gave in slightly to the Socialists' demand for more centralized control of the finances of the proposed West German regime.

Secretary of State Acheson picked Murphy, his top expert on German affairs, to put the compromise across. Murphy is American Political Adviser for the occupation.

THE URGENT reason for the move was this: If the Germans should finally reject the Western Allies' offer to create a German government in the Western Zones, it would be a big diplomatic victory for Russia.

Big three attempts to agree on a plan to put Germany on its feet politically and economically bogged down long ago in endless recriminations. Then the Western Powers determined to go ahead to set up a regime in the Western Zones, try to foster democracy and prosperity there, and thus check the spread of Communism.

Atlantic Pact Obligates U.S. To Fight --- Morse

By AL BLUMROSEN

"America will be obligated to go to war if she signs the Atlantic pact," Senator Wayne Morse, (Rep., Ore.) said last night. He defended the pact as "America's only hope for peace."

SPEAKING to an attentive group of three hundred law school students and faculty at the Lawyers Club founders banquet, Sen. Morse also attacked the Administration's proposed labor law in regard to the use of emergency injunctions.

"Let's not kid the American people about our moral responsibilities under the Atlantic Pact," Sen. Morse said.

He placed the blame for the present state of world peace largely on the Soviet Union, but said that the United States also had its share of responsibility.



—Daily—Don Rowe
SEN. WAYNE MORSE

"WE CAN'T take chances with America's security," Sen. Morse declared, saying that he hoped Russia would come back and negotiate through the United Nations when she saw the strength in the Atlantic Pact.

Sen. Morse is a member of the Senate Armed Services Committee.

Speaking on "Constitutional Questions Before the Senate," Sen. Morse condemned the stand of the Attorney-General that the president has inherent powers to issue an injunction in a labor dispute that becomes a national emergency.

ADMINISTRATION leaders point out that injunctions are not mentioned in the bill, but the Justice Department Attorney General has come out with this claim for inherent presidential powers.

"This is working both sides of the street," he said.

The Senator said he was helping draft new emergency labor legislation which would let the President issue a proclamation and set up an emergency board with power to render a decision in 30 days.

If in that sixty days, either party defies the board, the president would place the matter before Congress and let them take action, he noted.

The Senator said that Senator Robert A. Taft and Sen. Ives were in agreement with him but wanted President to have injunction power.

Morse Sees Fight for School Aid

Federal aid to education will face a tough battle in Congress, Senator Wayne Morse, (Rep., Oregon) said in an interview yesterday.

The Senator was "hopeful that some sort of aid bill would be passed," but said that strong opposition would come from "those who do not understand the need for federal aid."

THE PRESENT Congress shows a poor record on a large number of issues before it, Sen. Morse said. "Nothing could be as bad as the previous Congress," he added, but predicted that no action would be taken on civil rights legislation, income tax revision or national health legislation.

"A lot of the legislation passed will be watered down," he added.

Sen. Morse anticipated that most of the 1950 political campaign would be fought on the question of "Who was responsible for the failure of the present Congress."

HE PLACED MOST of the responsibility on the men who made up the Republican - Southern Democrat coalition which broke the recent Senate filibuster.

Sen. Morse called the coalition one of the "greatest mistakes that the Republican party could have made." The GOP is "only kidding the American people" when it says an effective anti-filibuster rule has been adopted, he added.

"Actually, the rule strengthens the power of a minority to block the will of the majority." (The recently adopted rule calls for a vote of 64 Senators to cut off debate.)

Calling the rule a "backward step," Sen. Morse pointed out that the coalition could not even muster 64 votes to get it passed. "The rule was passed by 63 votes."

The Senator accused both Republicans and Democrats of using the income tax issue for political vote getting purposes.

STUDENT SUPPORT:

School Spirit Comeback Waits for SAC Approval

By CRAIG WILSON

Revival of school spirit will begin as soon as the nod is given by the Student Affairs Committee.

Final results of the Student Legislature referendum gave overwhelming support to the entire program—with the exception of Freshmen beanies, which lost 3,072 to 2,833, a narrow 179 votes.

PEP RALLIES won 4,489 to 1,274. The tug-of-war was supported 3,776 to 2,003 and Freshman - Sophomore Talent Show went over the top 4,292 to 831. No opinion votes ran from 600 to 1,000 on each issue.

Legislator Bill Gripman, who fought a single-handed battle for the reactivation of "constructive school spirit," said the vote against beanies was "too close."

"Beanies are a necessary part of the program and I will try to get them accepted," he said.

HOWEVER, he explained that no plans had been made yet to bring beanies back into the program.

Students also approved use of upperclass coordinators in dorms to work with small groups of Freshmen. The vote was 4,783 to 717. Dramatization of extracurricular activities at a Freshman assembly at the end of the first semester also won, 4,292 to 831.

Exact figures on the remainder of the program will be given later, Duane Nuechterlein, '50BAd, SL elections committee chairman, announced.

HE EXPLAINED that tabulations on the second and third parts of the SL questionnaire on students lobbying for action by the Legislature and proposals for new SL projects would also be counted later.

Nuechterlein asked all candidates interested in a recount of ballots to contact him, telephone 7651.

Ned Hess has been elected secretary of the Engineering Junior class—not Tom McCann, as previously announced by The Daily.

UN Probe In Bulgaria Voted Down

Issue Postponed Until Next Fall

LAKE SUCCESS — (AP) — The United Nations voted last night against any UN inquiry now into the trials of Josef Cardinal Mindszenty and 15 Bulgarian Protestant churchmen but decided to keep the issue alive until next fall.

THE UN approved instead an American-supported plan to invoke peace treaty guarantees of human rights and freedoms in those Soviet satellite countries.

A Cuban-Australian plan for an 11-nation commission to investigate charges of violations of human rights growing out of the trials was defeated, 30 to 4, in the 58-nation special political committee of the UN Assembly. Only Australia, Cuba, Lebanon and New Zealand voted for the commission.

The winning resolution—offered by Bolivia and backed by the United States, France and Britain—urged Hungary and Bulgaria to cooperate toward settling the issue under the peace treaties.

THE VOTE for this was 34 to 6 (the six were the Russian bloc).

The special committee also recommended that the issue stay on the UN books until the regular assembly meeting next September to see what had been done.

A Chilean proposal to censure Hungary and Bulgaria at this stage was withdrawn in the face of certain defeat.

The Bolivian resolution now goes to the full assembly, where its final approval is expected over strong Slav objections.

THE UNITED STATES spearheaded opposition to the Cuban-Australian proposal for a commission to go to Europe and investigate accusations of violations of human rights in Hungary and Bulgaria.

These charges grew out of the trials of the Hungarian primate and the Bulgarian religious figures.

World News Round-Up

DETROIT—Kaiser-Frazer Corp. closed its huge Willow Run plant for an indefinite period.

A company spokesman said 7,000 production and salary workers were being laid off until further notice because of the strike at the Bendix Aviation Corp. plant in South Bend, Ind.

The Willow Run factory will remain closed until K-F can obtain a supply of brake equipment, the corporation announced.

PARIS — Foreign Minister Robert Schuman indicated a four-power conference on Germany may be held soon.

DARTMOUTH, Eng. — An enraged crowd drove Britain's No. 1 Communist, Harry Pollitt, to cover in a house here after breaking up a political meeting where he discussed the shelling of four British warships by Chinese Reds.

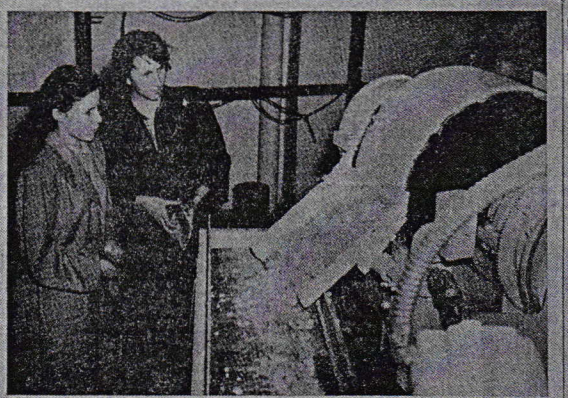
DETROIT—Thomas Thompson, president of Ford Local 600, UAW-CIO, said partial returns from a local election indicate "overwhelming approval" of a strike at the Ford Motor Co.

ANNAPOLIS, Md.—The Maryland legislature made it a prison offense to belong to a subversive organization.

WASHINGTON—The Daughters of the American Revolution notified President Truman that they have pledged themselves "to combat the forces of socialism planning invading our country."

LANSING—The 12-year-old secret primary would be abolished in a bill passed yesterday by the House, 51-32.

Backed almost solidly by Republicans, the measure would return to the old system of requiring a voter to declare his party at primaries.



—Daily—Don Rowe

"IT LOOKS LIKE BREAD-MIXER"—Two high school students from Bath, Mich., view one of the engineering college's prize marvels—a device that separates non-soluble substances from water. Marjorie Brandt, left and Jo Ann Tropatter, stumbled on the machine during yesterday's tour of the Engineering Open House.

High School Visitors Go on 'U' Day Tour

Michigan, Ohio Pupils Get View of Campus

By GEORGE WALKER

More than 1,100 high schoolers swarmed about the campus yesterday, inspected classrooms, wandered wide-eyed through dorms, and went back to their homes with a seven hour impression of life on the Michigan campus.

They were guests of the University's Seventh Annual University Day, and they came from high schools all over Michigan and northern Ohio to breathe briefly the college atmosphere.

All the wonders of New York, the most sight-seeable city in the world, couldn't have drawn more exclamations of awe than did the minor marvels of the Michigan campus.

GUIDES, volunteers trained by the Union which sponsored the affair, were harassed with all sorts of questions—reported all kinds of remarks.

One potential coed—somewhere in the vicinity of the Engine Arch "narrows"—blushed her first observation of the University's campus. It was a sneering "Gee! Look at the pretty flowers along the sidewalk."

In front of the General Library, one group listened intently as their guide explained that the library contains "a main reading room, basement study hall, first floor reading room, grad reading rooms—"

"BUT," PROTESTED someone, "where do they keep the books"?

One guide, explaining the vicissitudes of fraternity life, was greeted with almost complete ignorance.

"When you pick a fraternity, is the mortgage on the house the most important thing to find out about"?

IN THE afternoon, the visitors inspected the Engineering Open House and saw movies of the Rose Bowl game.

Most of them, guides reported, left with a favorable impression of the University, gripes being few and far between.

One—from a forward looking senior: "Where are all the women"?

Engineering Open House Called Biggest in History

By PETER HOTTON

Strange noises emerged from the College of Engineering and vicinity as the "biggest Engineering Open House in history" attracted more than 10,000 high school and college students, townspeople and grade school children.

Though heavy morning rains put a dampter on the outside proceedings, the sun came out after noon to brighten the hopes of spectators who spent the day visiting exhibits, models, machines and other facilities of the College.

THE OPEN HOUSE was to close at 6 p.m., but popular demand kept it going till 9 when 500 townspeople and late-arriving students inspected the exhibits that remained open.

Wally Dubianics, chairman of the affair, said this Open House was the "best yet," and exceeded 1947's by 2,000 persons. About 8,000 programs were printed, and all were gone by 5:30.

Strains of "Casey Jones" and the clanging of a Civil War vintage locomotive bell echoed from the transportations lab, visited by more than 4,000 persons.

THE NAVAL testing tank carried 3,000 spectators in 75 trips, while 900 enjoyed the blasts of the windtunnels.

Visitors were constantly baffled by the "perpetual water flow" from a tap that hung from the sanitary lab ceiling. A guide commented, "You won't know the secret till you've become an engineer." But some figured out that a glass tube brought the water up to the tap nozzle, simulating the perpetual flow.

The U of M amateur radio station WBAXZ sent out 89 messages to friends and families of students to Germany, Alaska, the Virgin Islands and most of the states.

VISITORS TO most of the exhibits were not prevented by "keep off" signs from experimenting with the machines, although some labs did not allow cameras and others were restricted for security.

The Metalurgy and Metal Processing Department sold all of their souvenir paperweights and ash trays at a handsome profit.

Toward 3 p.m. grade school teachers came over with classes to give their students an "extra-early" look at the University. Some of the onlookers even brought peanuts to feed the squirrels.

Men's Judic Continues Vote Investigation

Men's Judiciary Council continued its probe yesterday into the stuffing of the engine arch ballot box, but the guilty party remains unknown and three election races are still unsettled.

THE INVESTIGATION will continue early next week, Judiciary President Bill Reitzer, '51L, said, but he did not reveal who will be questioned.

Those questioned yesterday were the students who manned the voting booths on both days of the election as well as candidates for the unsettled races—none, however, gave any information leading to a solution of the mystery.

Don Calhoun, IFC Council member in charge of placing IFC voting attendants and Tom Sparrow, newly-elected SL member, were also questioned.

THE UNSETTLED elections are for vice-presidency of the combined schools and presidencies of the junior and sophomore engineering classes.

None of those questioned said he noticed any "irregularities" in the voting. But one poll watcher said he caught one student who had run to the ballot box, stuffed in two ballots and then darted away. He said the ballots never got all the way in the box.

Another said she had observed active campaigning within 50 feet of the poll.

Exam Schedule

Spring semester examination schedules for literary and engineering colleges will appear in tomorrow's Daily.

EXCUSE FOR TARDINESS:

Earth Rotation Affects Alarm Clocks

University students of the future may have a legitimate excuse for missing their eight o'clock classes.

The rate of the earth's rotation is slowing down to throw off the accuracy of any alarm clock, Britain's royal astronomer, Sir Harold Spencer Jones, declared in a report to the American Philosophical Society.

THE EARTH drops its rotating speed at the rate of one thousandth of a second per sidereal day in each century, Prof. Hazel Losh, of the astronomy department, said.

"This slowdown in the rotation is due to an increase in the mass of the earth and the drag of tides in shallow seas. Meteors drop often enough to build up the size of the earth," she said.

And this increase in the rate of rotation may go on until it takes 47 of the present days for the earth to make one turn on its axis, British Astronomer Jones pointed out in his report.

IF THIS HAPPENS moon-struck lovers may have to travel to the other side of the world to get a glimpse of the moon. The slow rate of the earth's turning will effect the moon's travels around the earth, the report said.

Prof. Losh declared that she did not know how the slow down in the rotation would affect the moon, but "the British royal astronomer may have additional data."

Chiang Joins Pres. Li in 'Fight to End'

Capital Capture Seen Imminent

NANKING — (AP) — The fall of China's capital was reported imminent last night as an estimated 100,000 Nationalist troops clogged the roads in disorderly retreat from the city.

IN THE HOUR of Nationalist China's extremity, Chiang Kai-Shek came out of retirement to join with acting President Li Tsung-Jen in declaring a "fight to the end."

But meeting almost no opposition, the Reds are intent on dealing the reeling regime its death blow quickly. The flight of government soldiers led to belief that their commanders have lost control.

Nanking's gates are open and unguarded. The Red forces have landed in the vicinity of the Nanking railroad station, immediately outside the high stone walls of the city.

INSIDE THE walls, looters are helping themselves, starting with the mayor's offices and homes of government and city officials.

Pukow, the railway city across the Yangtze from Nanking, was being abandoned by its Nationalist garrison. Red shells already were plummeting into the Yangtze between the two cities.

Chiang, president and for 22 years the No. 1 man in China, "retired" Jan. 21 to let Vice-president Li try to negotiate peace with the Communists. That effort failed finally on Wednesday and the Reds attacked across the Yangtze.

CHIANG, Li, Premier Ho Ying-Chin, former Premier Chang Chun and Gen. Pai Chung-Hsi conferred at Hangchow, on the coast 100 miles south of Shanghai.

It was announced that Chiang and Li had decided the government "must fight for the people's freedom and national independence to the end."

Premier Ho was placed in command of all Nationalist forces and took over the National Defense Ministry.

FRB Changes Time Limit, Credit Control

WASHINGTON—(AP)—The Federal Reserve Board lengthened to 24 months, last night, the time limit for completing installment purchase payments and simultaneously cut down payment to 10 per cent for everything but automobiles.

THE NEW regulations will become effective April 27, marking the second time the board has relaxed credit controls in less than two months.

The new 24-month time limit replaces the 21-month limit that has been in effect since March 7. The 10 per cent cash down payment replaces a 15 per cent requirement also in effect since March 7.

Thomas B. McCabe, Chairman of the Board, declared that any increase in credit which may result from this new relaxation "would not under present circumstances be a significant element in reviving inflationary pressures."

Meanwhile, the government reported that its latest consumers price index rose 3/10 of one per cent from mid-February to mid-March, the first rise in living costs after falling for five straight months.

A ONE PER CENT boost in the housewife's food prices over the month accounted mainly for the index rise.